Approved For Release	2007/04/20 : CIA-RDP78T05929A001000070039-1
	8 June 1965
_	Page_7_

AIRFRAME PLANT CHKALOV 84B TASHKENT, USSR

ı.	THE "CHKALOV" AIRCRAFT PLANT 84 WAS INITIALLY LOCATED IN MOSCOW
	AND MOVED TO TASHKENT IN 1941, WHERE IT WAS INSTALLED IN TWO
	LOCATIONS WHICH WERE DESIGNATED PLANTS "A" AND "B". (PLANT "A"
	WAS TO PRODUCE AIRFRAMES AND PLANT "B" WAS TO ASSEMBLE AIRCRAFT).
2.	
3.	
4.	FIRST PHOTOGRAPHIC COVERAGE OF THIS INSTALLATION WAS ACCOMPLISHED BY
	THIS PHOTOGRAPHY REVEALED THAT ASSEMBLY

These notes have been prepared for briefing purposes only and should not be used for detailed analytical work. Their use should be restricted to the particular briefing board(s) they were prepared for and must be considered valid only for the reporting period as indicated by the date of issue.

2007/04/20 : CIA-RDP78T05929A001000070039-

,	Approved For Release 2	007/04/20 : CIA-RDP78T05929A001000070039-1
	7	
		8 June 1965
		Page

PLANT 84B CONTAINED APPROXIMATELY 730,500 SQ FT OF FLOORSPACE AND THE ADJACENT TASHKENT AIRFIELD (THE FLY-AWAY AND TEST FIELD FOR PLANT 84)
HAD A 4,700 FT NE/SW CONCRETE RUNWAY.

5. TEN SUBSEQUENT MISSIONS REVEALED THAT BY SEP 63, THE PLANT HAD
TRIPLED IN SIZE, WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OF 1,334,900 SQ FT OF
FLOORSPACE SINCE 1959. SINCE SEP 63, FURTHER CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN
OBSERVED, INDICATING THAT THE PLANNED EXPANSION OF THIS PLANT HAS
NOT BEEN COMPLETED.

IN JUL 63, A NEW RUNWAY WAS FIRST OBSERVED UNDER CONSTRUCTION 2.5 NM EAST OF TASHKENT AIRFIELD AND CONNECTED TO IT BY A TAXIWAY WHICH WAS ALSO UNDER CONSTRUCTION. THIS NEW RUNWAY WAS SUBSEQUENTLY COMPLETED BY JUN 64, AND THE NE/SW CONCRETE RUNWAY WAS MEASURED AT 8,500 X 200 FT.

ó.	THIS MISSION REVEALS THAT CONSTRUCTION CONTINUES AT A RAPID RATE
	ON PLANT 84B. THE 2 BUILDINGS PARTIALLY CONSTRUCTED ON
	ARE APPROXIMATELY 75% COMPLETE AND FOOTINGS ARE IN
	PLACE FOR 2 OTHER BUILDINGS EAST OF THE OLD RUNWAY. AIRCRAFT:
	AT THE PLANT - 2 HOOP (THE FIRST IDENTIFIED ON SYSTEM PHOTOGRAPHY),
	17 CAT/CUB, 2 CAB, AND 2 CRATE.

AT THE FLY-AWAY FIELD (NOT SHOWN ON GRAPHIC) - 3 CAT/CUB, 4 CRATE, 2 CAB, 1 COLT, 1 CREEK, 2 HOUND AND 4 HARE.

These notes have been prepared for briefing purposes only and should not be used for detailed and ytical work. Their use should be restricted to the particular briefing board(s) they were prepared for and must be considered valid only for the reporting period as indicated by the date of issue.

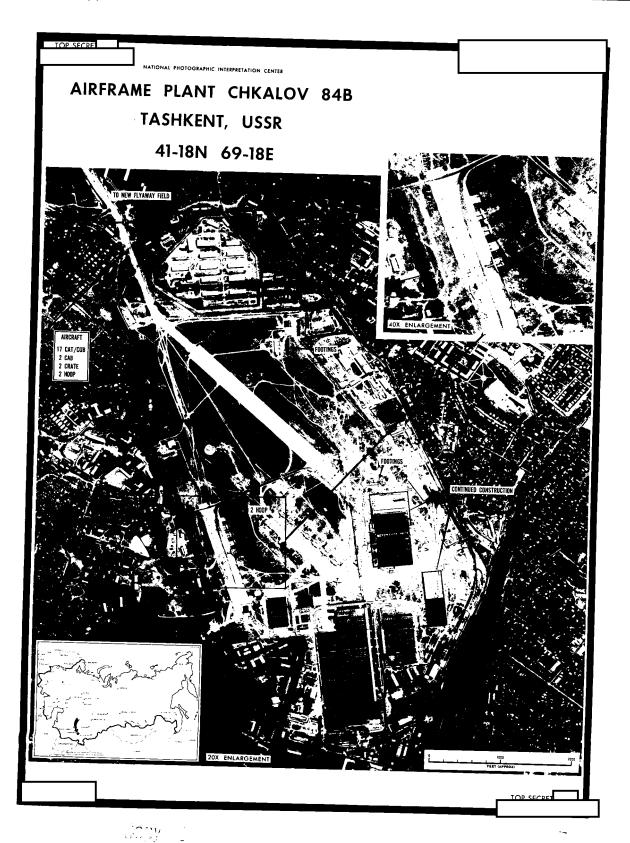
Approved For Release 2007/04/20: CIA-RDP78T05929A001000070039-1

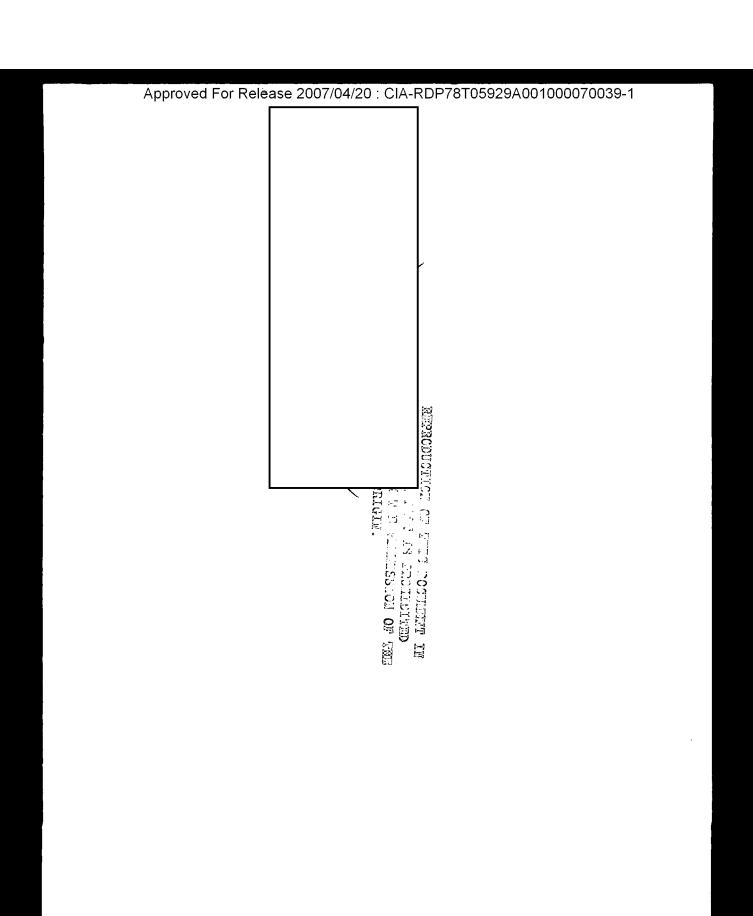
8 June 1965

Page 9

7. THE HOOP IS KNOWN IN THE USSR AS THE VINTOKRULYA (SCREW-WING) AND IS DESIGNATED KA-22. THIS KAMOV DESIGNED AIRCRAFT IS A TRANSPORT CONVERTIPLANE. THE SINGLE-SPOOL IVCHENKO TB-2 TURBOSHAFT ENGINES AT THE WING-TIPS DRIVE THE CONVENTIONAL 4-BLADE AIRSCREW FOR FORWARD FLIGHT AND THE 4- BLADE SIDE-BY-SIDE ROTORS FOR TAKEOFF, HOVERING, AND LANDING. THE HOOP WAS FIRST DEMONSTRATED PUBLICLY IN 1961 AND APPEARED TO BE INTENDED PRIMARILY AS A FREIGHTER, A REAR RAMP FACILITATING THE LOADING OF BULKY CALCO FREIGHT. AS A PASSENGER OR TROOP TRANSPORT, HOWEVER, THE FUSELAGE SHOULD HAVE SUFFICIENT CAPACITY TO ACCOMMODATE 80-100 SEATS. SINCE 1961, THE HOOP HAS BEEN SIGHTED BY ATTACHES ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS AT THE KAMOV EXPERIMENTAL FACILITY IN LYUBERTSY.

These notes have been prepared for briefing purposes only and should not be used for detailed analytical work. Their use should be restricted to the particular briefing board(s) they were prepared for and must be considered valid only for the reporting period as indicated by the date of issue.





Approved For Release 2007/04/20: CIA-RDP78T05929A001000070039-1